Is this Property Line Accurate?

A story of a challenge you didn't know you had and a guideline you didn't know you needed





Agenda

PART I Property Lines, Legal Lines, Street Lines and everything in between

Where do we see this data?

Accuracy

Where do issues stem from?

Legal Lines, Legal Surveys, and role of an Ontario Land Surveyor

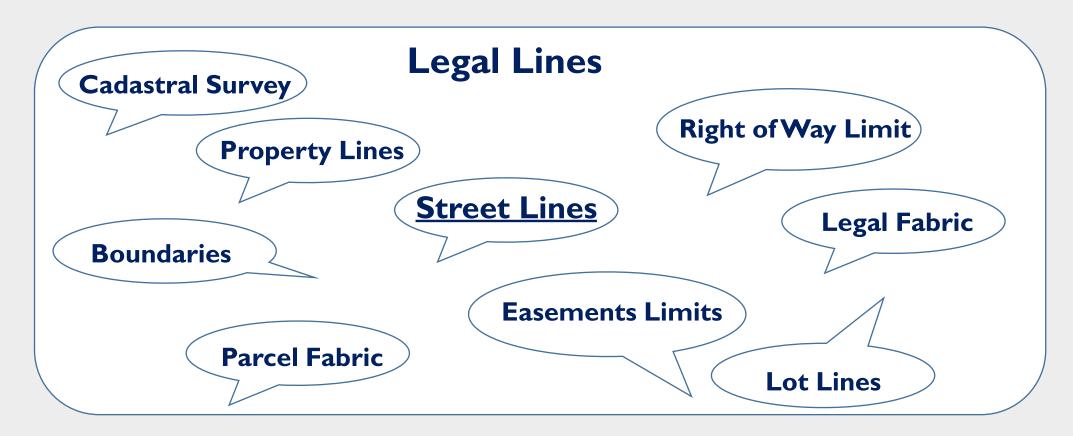
PART 2 Case Studies

PART 3 Risk Mitigation Guideline





Property Lines, Legal Lines, Street Lines ...





Side Bar

Franchise Agreements allow for asset installation within Municipal Right-of-Way (dedicated public highways)

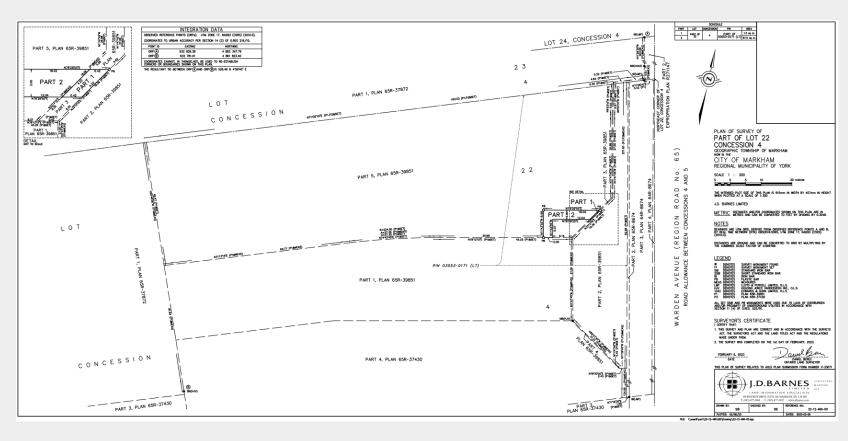
Strips of land owned by municipality along roads which are not dedicated as public highway are not considered municipal ROW

Installing plant on private lands is bad



Legal Lines - Where do we see them?

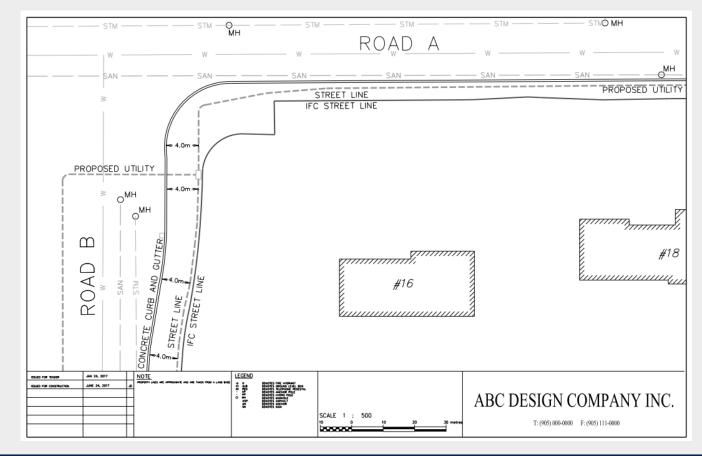
Survey Plans





Legal Lines - Where do we see them?

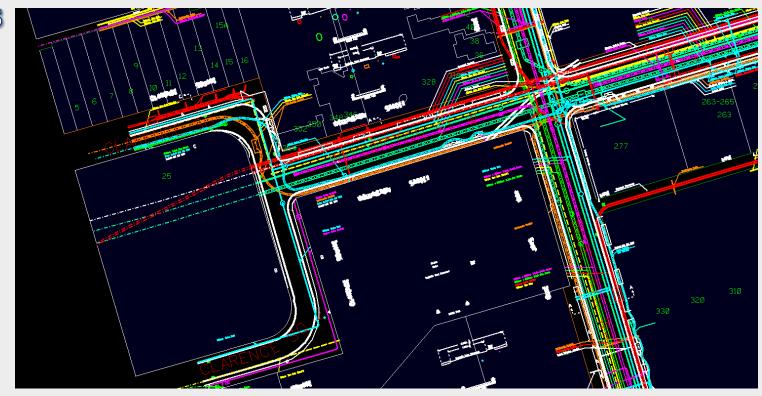
OTC/IFC Drawings





Legal Lines – Where do we see them?

Municipal Base Plans & PUCC Drawings





Legal Lines – Where do we see them?

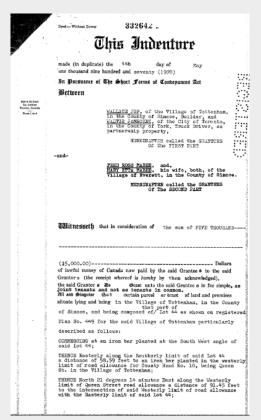
GIS Platforms

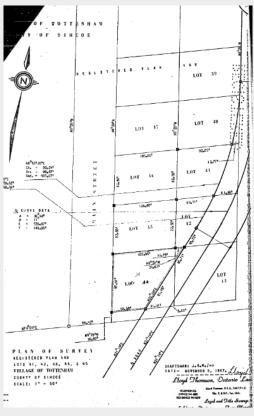




Legal Lines - Where do we see them?

OLD Deeds and Documents







Legal Lines – Where do we see them?

Staked/Marked in the field





Legal Lines - Where do we see them?

Anywhere else???



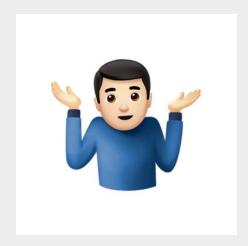


Accuracy?

Depends on the source

Some data may be accurate

Some data may be off by meters



Lack of confidence in accuracy stems from...

Passage of time - outdated data

Differences in Coordinate Systems

Compilation blunders

Misunderstanding and misuse of data

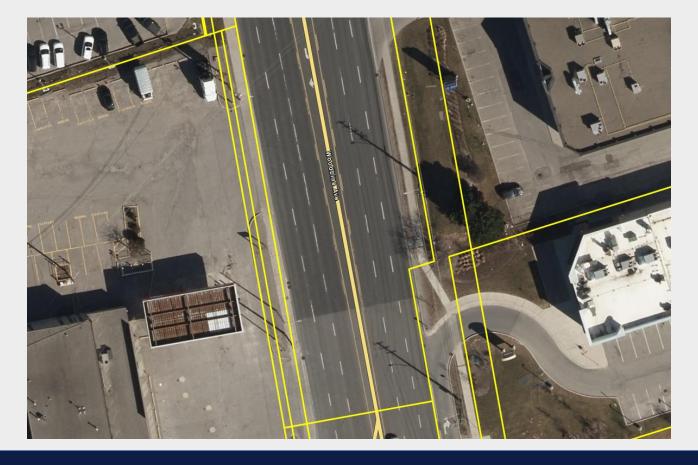




Outdated Data

- **Severances**
- Widenings
- **Transfers**

Etc.



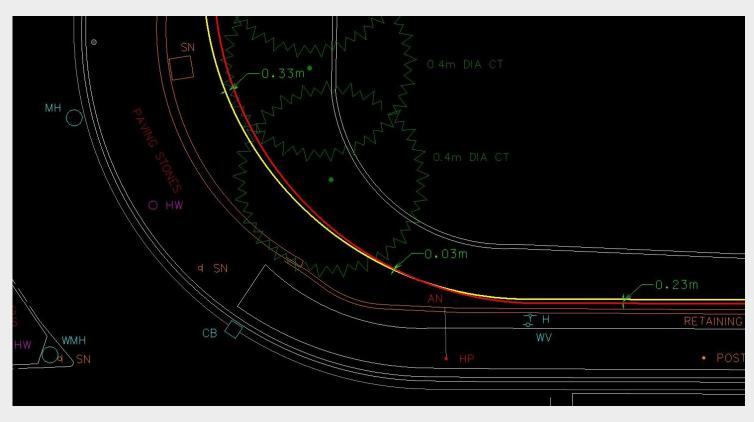


Coordinate Systems

- UTM vs MTM
- UTM NAD 83 Orig (Red)

VS

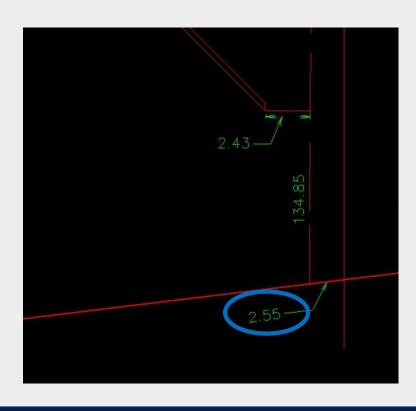
UTM NAD 83 – CSRS (Yellow)





Compilation Blunders







Misunderstanding and misuse of data

- Property information within Municipal Base Plans is not a legal survey
- Extracts of property information from GIS platforms is not a legal survey
- Ontario Parcel:

Terms of Use

Ontario Parcel geometry represents an index of property locations, not a legal representation of property boundaries.

Ontario Parcel is an indication that a boundary may be in the general area.

The data should not be used for legal purposes. The data should not be used to define boundaries on the ground or be relied on to calculate areas of properties (unless for crude estimates) or depths or frontages of lots. The data is not a substitute for a legal survey and should not be used for applications that require accurate positional data.



Legal Lines, Legal Surveys and Ontario Land Surveyors

The Law

According to Ontario law, only surveys made by licensed Ontario Land Surveyors are legal.

S.2. Surveys Act - Validity of Surveys — No Survey of land for the purpose of defining, locating, or describing any line, boundary or corner of a parcel of land is valid unless made by a surveyor or under the personal supervision of a surveyor.

The Process

Research

- Land Registry Office
- Ministry of Natural Resources
- Archives of Ontario

Field Work

Locate and accurately record the position of survey monuments, fences, natural limits etc.

Calculation and OLS Decision

- Consider the relationship between field evidence and documentary evidence
- Apply boundary law principles to make a decision on the location of the boundary





Case Studies

The following stories are true and based on actual events.

Out of respect for the parties involved, all places and names have been changed.

For the benefit of the industry, the rest will be told exactly as it occurred.





Case Study #1: The Old Document

Utility company was required to build a structure near the vicinity of their buried utility

The buried utility spanned across private property

Utility company had a registered easement over said private property

Utility company found an old document showing the easement limits with respect to the buried utility

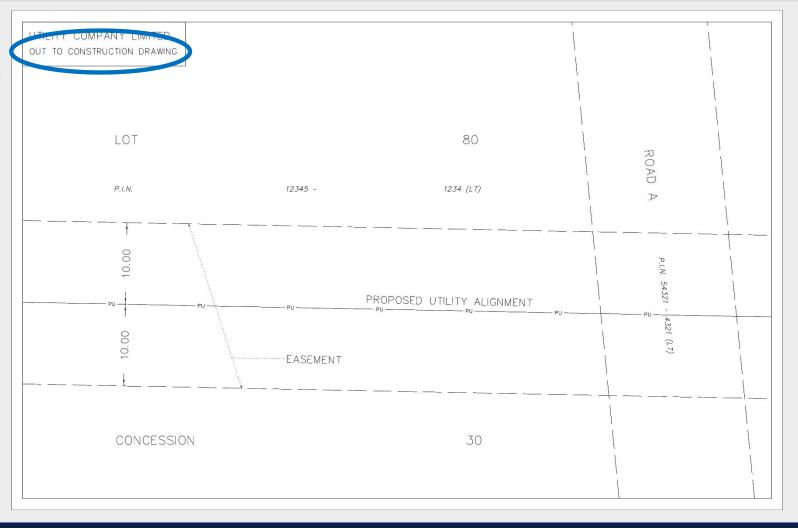


Case Study #1:

The Old Document

Old document was from 1950's and was not an accurate as-laid

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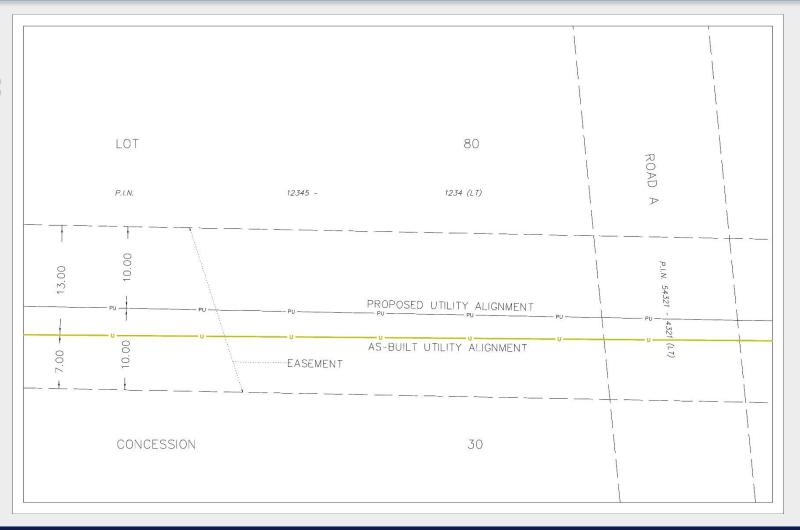




Case Study #1:

The Old Document

Actual utility was installed off the proposed alignment – not centered on the easement





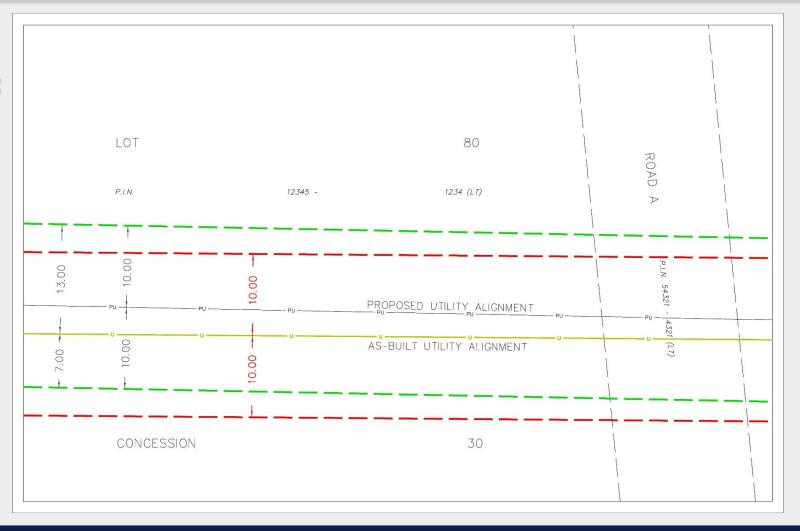


Case Study #1:

The Old Document

Easement limits were determined based on the utility location and the old document, not on legal surveys and documents

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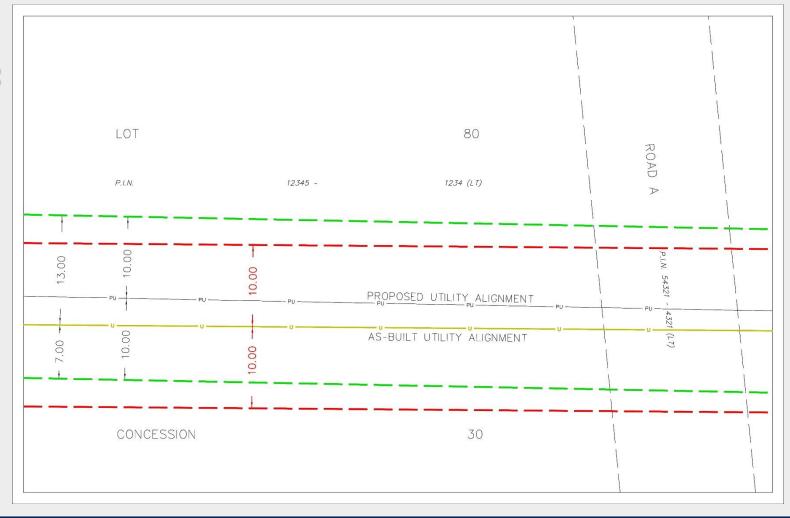


Case Study #1:

The Old Document

Structure was designed on private property

Construction company did not employ a surveyor to mark the appropriate easement limits and the structure was build per the design





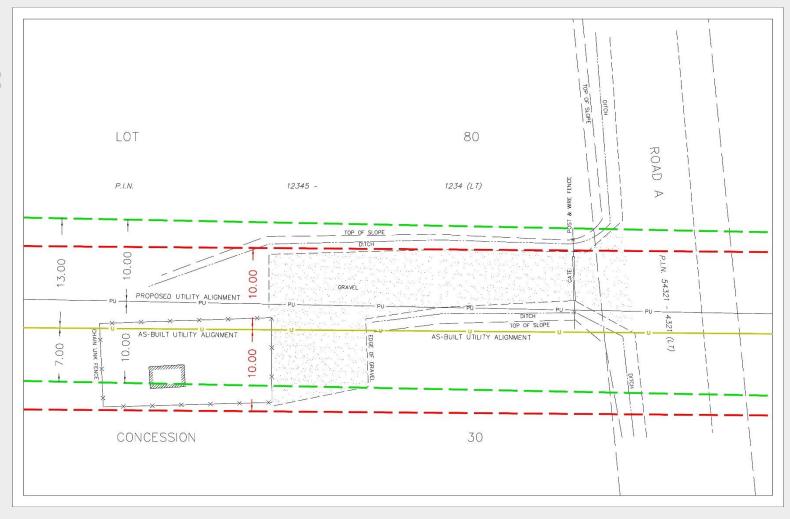


Case Study #1:

The Old Document

Structure was designed on private property

Construction company did not employ a surveyor to mark the appropriate easement limits and the structure was build per the design







Case Study #1:

The Old Document

A Reference Plan was prepared to capture the assets outside of the existing easement.

An additional easement was negotiated and acquired from the land owner







Case Study #1: The Old Document

Damages

\$\$\$

New easement?

Investigation (~\$10K)

Personal

Damaged professional reputation of all parties involved

Strained professional relationship between parties

Public

Utility Company's image

Damage to private real estate and real title



Case Study #2: Data Misunderstood

Utility company contracted a consultant to design a network extension to service additional clients

Design consultant used a municipal base plan to complete their work

Municipal consent was granted with no issues

Utility company contracted a construction group to execute the construction

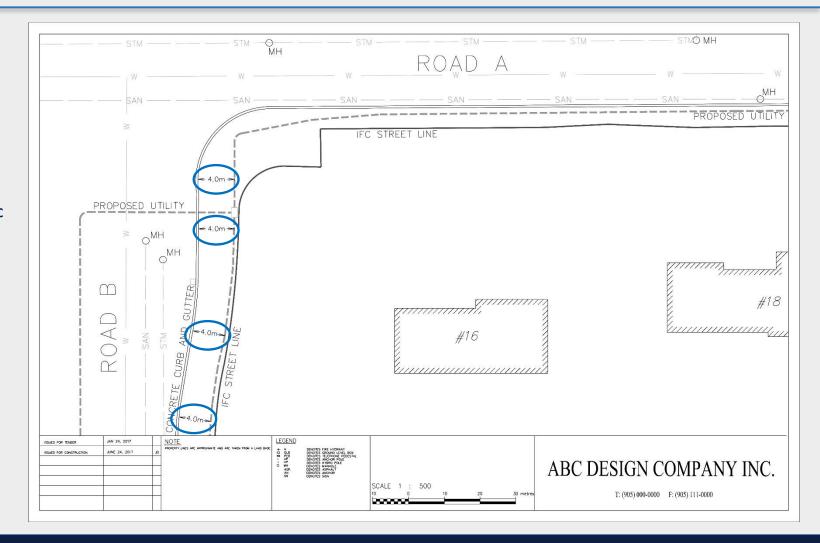


Case Study #2:

Data Misunderstood

Construction company used ties to topographic features to lay out the proposed structure

Adjacent land owner questioned the location





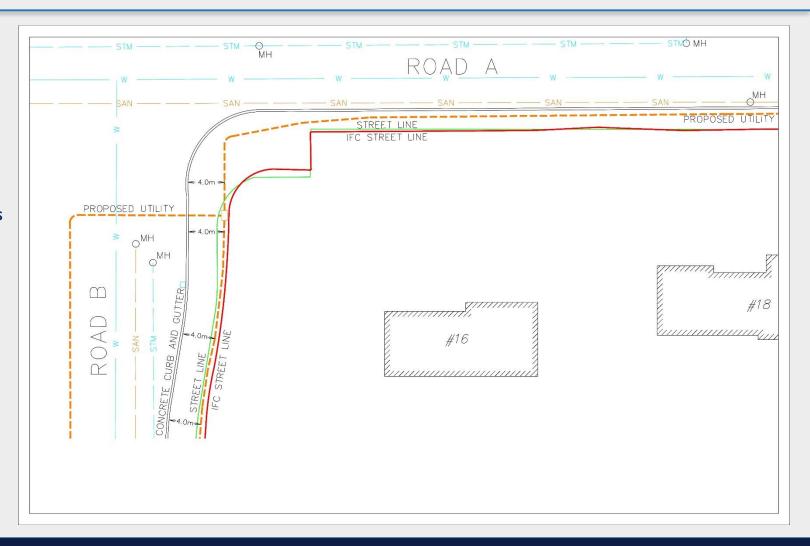


Case Study #2:

Data Misunderstood

A Survey Firm – following the legal survey process
- confirmed that the structures were indeed
installed on private property

. . .





Case Study #2: Data Misunderstood

Damages

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Line and structure relocation (\$10k-20k)

Private property restoration (\$1k)

Investigation (~\$2K)

Lost revenue

Personal

Professional Reputation of all parties

involved

Strained professional relationship

between parties

Public

Utility Company's image

Damage to private property

Potential Future Damages

Asset Damage

Safety





Case Study #3: Nobody Likes Change

Utility company was looking to expand their network

During the planning process the local municipality informed the company that a street widening is planned along their proposed route

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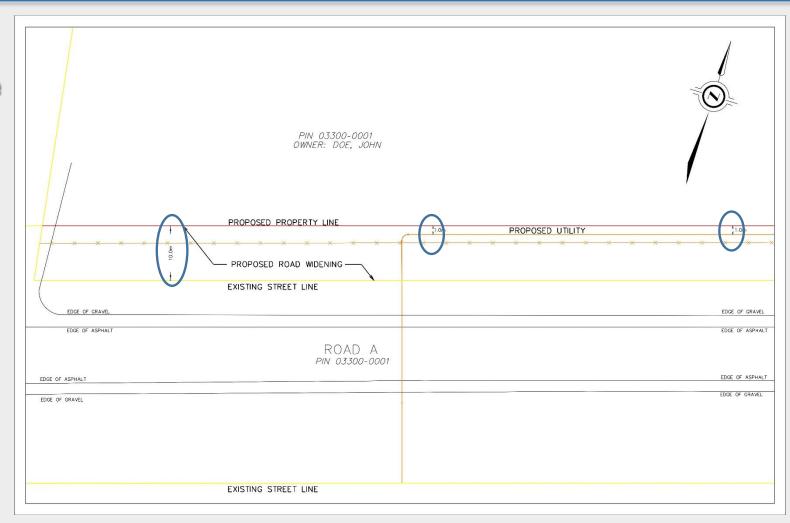


Case Study #3:

Nobody Likes Change

The future road widening was 10m wide

Utility planners were instructed to maintain a Im offset from the new widened limit





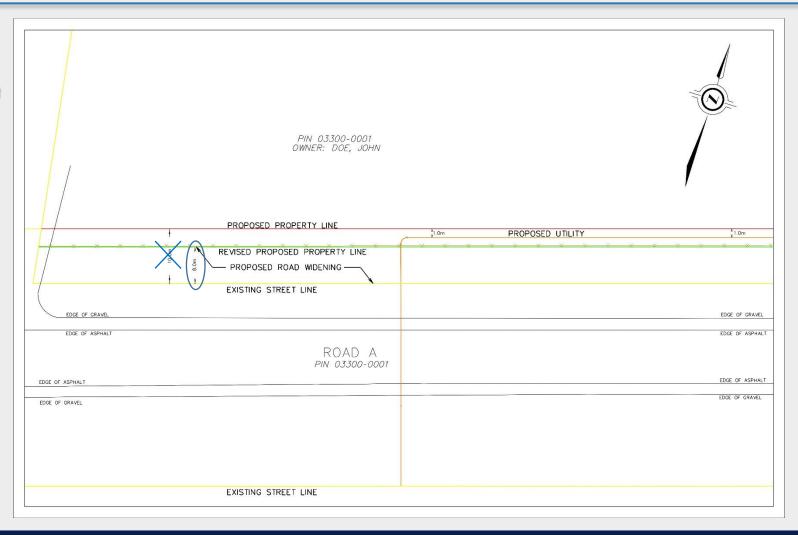


Case Study #3:

Nobody Likes Change

Sometime before construction the Municipality changed their minds on the widening limits - 8m instead of 10m

The plans however, were never updated and subsequently issued for construction







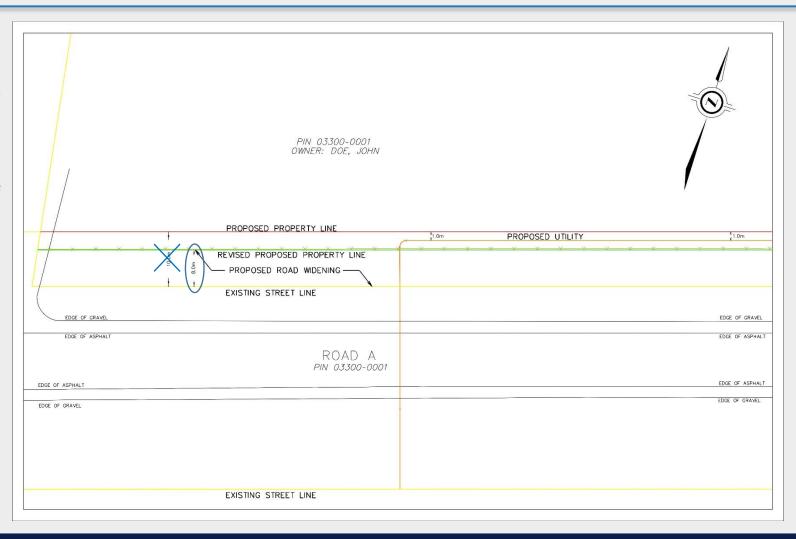
Case Study #3:

Nobody Likes Change

The construction company contracted to execute the installation hired a Survey Firm to mark out the proposed widening limits.

Survey Firm conducted a title search, found the misaligned information, and staked the appropriate limit

A quick redline and a field change eliminated the potentially expensive error.







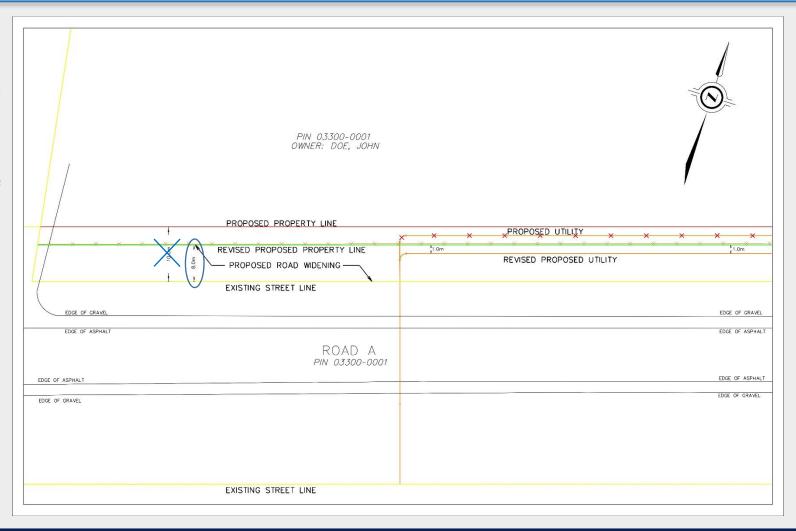
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Case Study #3: Nobody Likes Change

Damages







Foolproof approach for all





- I. Understand the merits/demerits of different Property Data sets
 - a) Information Prepared by an Ontario Land Surveyor accurate data based on title search, field investigation and professional judgement
 - b) Other dataset (data from a previous project, old documents, GIS download etc) quality may be unknown and requires a review before it can be confidently used
 - c) Ontario Parcel intended to be used as index, it is not a survey
- 2. Know the accuracy of Property Data your project will need
 - a) Will the design venture near property lines?
 - b) Will property lines be used as a work parameter? I.e. design/installation will follow a standard offset of from property line or street line

If the answer to the above is 'Yes' then the project will need accurate data. If the answer is 'No', the project can maybe use less accurate data.



- 3. Ask yourself: who will source the Property Data? The Project Owner or The Contractor?
 - a) If Project Owner then:
 - Owners should ensure they choose a source which will meet their needs and make sure the potential contractors understand the quality of the data they will be working with
 - Contractors should query the owner on the accuracy of the data during the RFP process
 - b) If Contractor then:
 - Owners should be clear on their expectations of the contractor. If accurate data is required the following RFP text can be considered: "Winning contractor is responsible for providing accurate Property/Legal/Survey Data for completion of work."
 - Contractors should query the owner on the accuracy of the data during the RFP process
 - * if confirmation of property data is expected of the contractor, contractor needs to carry the appropriate costs in their bids

It is crucial that the Project Owner and Contractor are on the same page.





- 4. If necessary, keep everyone informed by utilizing appropriate warnings and disclaimers on the face of the plans. "The property lines shown hereon are approximate and must be field verified prior to start of construction"
- 5. Understand that Property Data can change over the course of the project. Ensure that all stakeholders understand this and encourage that the data is reviewed at major project milestones and at the very least prior to start of construction.
- 6. Construction Companies You are the last line of defence!!!!
 Carry costs of an Ontario Land Surveyor in your bid if you will be working near property lines
 *** This should be encouraged by project owners ***
- 7. When in doubt, consult a Licensed Ontario Land Surveyor.



QUESTION AND ANSWER





Please fill out your survey!

Open the Attendee Hub App, tap on Agenda and then tap on Is This Property Line Accurate? and complete the survey for this session.

<u>OR</u>

If you are unable to download the app, a paper survey is available.

